EARLY DETECTION AND COPIG **RAPID RESPONSE FOR INVASIVE EXOTIC SPECIES IN SANTA CATARINA CALI · COLOMBIA** Paz con la Naturaleza

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INSTITUTE OF ENVIRONMENT OF SANTA CATARINA STATE

- Subordinated to Secretary of Environment and Green Economy SEMAE Executive Agency of the Environmental Policy of Santa Catarina Established in 1975 – among the most old environmental agency of Brazil Responsable for:
- Environmental Licensing
- Environmental Inspection
- Conservation of Biodiversity
- Environmental Emergency and Liabilities
- Environmental Information and Measurements





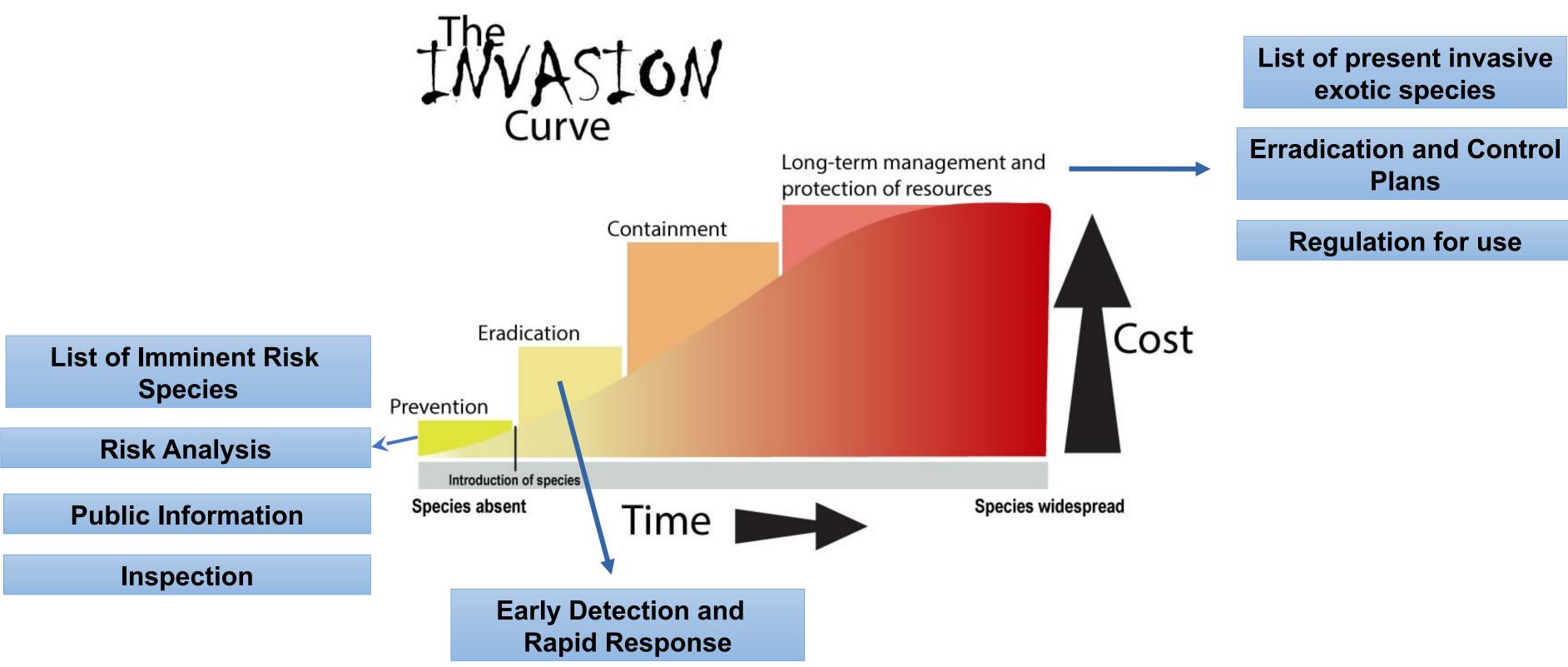


Direction of Biodiversity and Forests - DBIO

Management of Biodiversity and Forests - GEBIO



Actions started in 2009 and Program was formalized in 2016 (Portaria IMA 116/2016)





Fonte: National Park Service/ U.S Department of the Interior



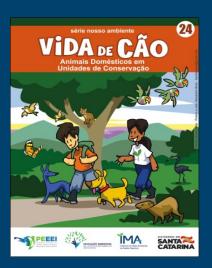


INVASIVE EXOTIC SPECIES PROGRAM GUIDELINES

- Prevention, early detection and rapid response
- → Public Information
- →Technical Training
- Sub-legal norms and public policies
- Eradication, control and monitoring









Acacia mearnsi acácia-negra sítvia Zitte



Achatina fulica caracol-gigante-africano Rafael D Zenr

LISTA DE ESPÉCIES EXÓTICAS NVASORAS NO ESTADO DE SANTA CATARINA

Casuarina equisetifolia casuarina Silvia Ziller



Hedychium coronarium lírio-do-brejo Michele Dechoum

Implementation of EDRR Program in the PAT Planalto Sul territory





- IESs Programs of Rio Grande do Sul e Santa Catarina
- Territorial Action Plan for the Conservation of Endangered **Species of the Southern Plateau – PAT Planalto Sul**
- Pró-espécies Todos Contra a Extinção Program of the **Ministry of Environment and Climate Change of Brazil**
- Consultant Silvia Ziller hired by the Pró-espécies



Espécies Exót do Estado de Santa





PLANO DE ACÃO TERRITORIAL



Espécies alvo:

- Raras
- Pouco conhecidas
- Requerem pesquisas

5 espécies FAUNA

General objective of TAP

Conservation of biodiversity in the Planalto Sul Territory, considering biological, social, cultural and economic aspects, with emphasis on focal species

17 espécies **FLORA**

Municípios: 27 RS e 16 SC



Rio

0

GOVERNO DO ESTADO **RIO GRANDE DO SUL**

SECRETARIA DO MEIO AMBIENTE E INFRAESTRUTURA

PLANO DE ACÃO TERRITORIAI





Implementation of EDRR Program in the PAT Planalto Sul territory \rightarrow

Developing the Program of Early Detection and Rapid **Response – EDRR**

Carrying out theoretical-practical training for key actors for the implementation of the EDRR Program





Program of Early Detection and Rapid Response – EDRR

PREPARATION PHASE

- 1 Structuring of the Management Nucleus STRUCTURED
- 2 Beginning of the formation of the Support Network IN PROGRESS
- 3 Beginning of the formation of the Collaborators Network IN PROGRESS
- 4 Preparation of program instruments PARTIALLY AVAILABLE





PROGRAM INSTRUMENTS:

- Notification system **TO BE DEVELOPED**
- Reference Lists **EXISTING**
- Risk Assessment Protocol AVAILABLE FOR MANY SPECIES **AND GROUPS OF ORGANISMS**
- Early Detection and Rapid Response Protocol EXISTING, MMA MODEL
- Early Detection and Rapid Response Action Recording System **TO BE DEVELOPED**





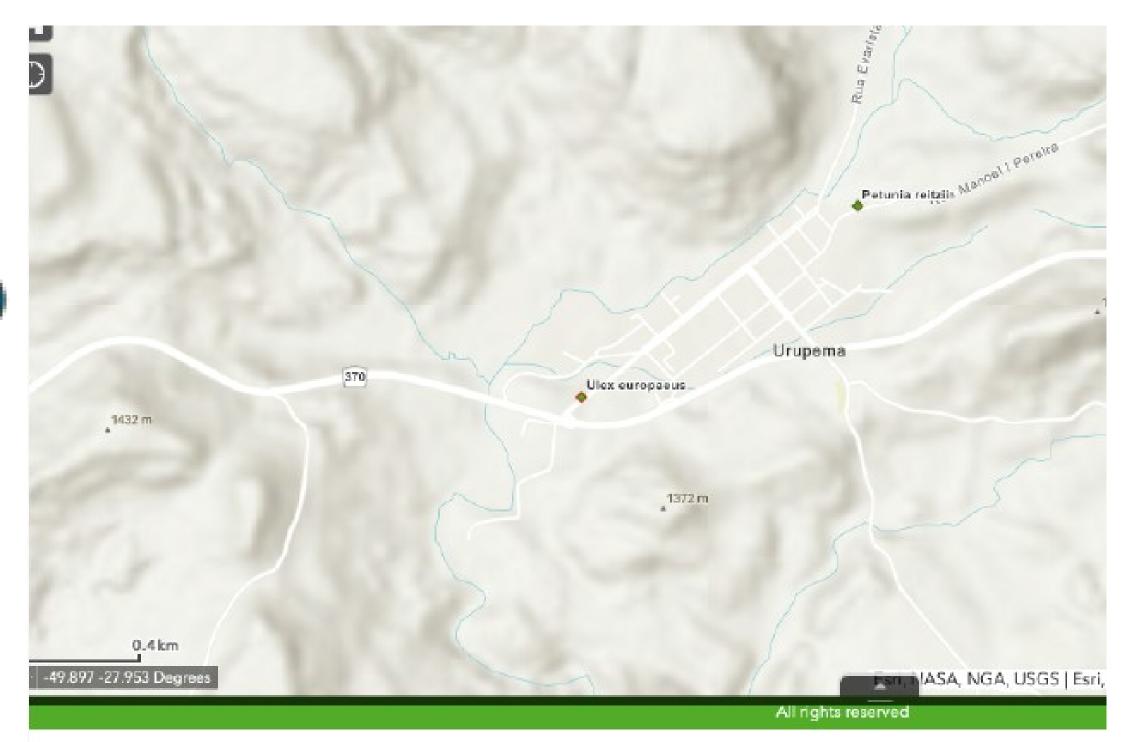
PROGRAM INSTRUMENTS:

- Legal framework to enable the execution of rapid response actions – LACKING FOR FAUNA SPECIES
- Definition of priority areas CRITERIA FOR LOCATING **ENDANGERED SPECIES, COMPLEMENTED WITH HABITATS, UNDER DEVELOPMENT**
- Contingency Plans for escapes **TO BE DEVELOPED**
- Training ALREADY STARTED





DEFINITION OF PRIORITY AREAS



Ocorrência de Petunia reitzii e Ulex europaeus em área periurbana de Urupema - SC.





Endangered	Invasive
Petunia reitzii	Ulex europaeus
Petunia reitzii	Salix x rubens
Petunia reitzii	Ligustrum lucidum
Smallanthus araucariophilus	Salix x rubens
Smallanthus araucariophilus	Pinus taeda
Pavonia renifolia	Sus scrofa
Eryngium falcifolium	Pinus sp.
Elaphoglossum dutrae	Pinus sp.



Training



Online theoretical stage of DPRR course -16/07 to 28/08 de 2024



Practical stage of the course on DPRR in the São Joaquim National Park – SC – 17 and 18/10 de 2024





EDRR - Biodiversity Emergency

- Requires structure available for emergency actions (short period of time) (Ex.: South Africa – 12 hours; MAPA system for notifiable diseases – 12 hours)
- Maximizes opportunities to eradicate IAS soon after their introduction – minimizes risks of impacts on biodiversity and ecosystem services
- Reduces future costs by preventing the spread of biological invasions







Sponsors



Realization







MINISTÉRIO DO MEIO AMBIENTE E MUDANÇA DO CLIMA

